

TITLE I: GRANTS TO ELIGIBLE METROPOLITAN AREAS



itle I of the Ryan White CARE Act provides emergency assistance to Eligible Metropolitan Areas (EMAs) that are most severely affected by the HIV/AIDS epidemic.

ELIGIBILITY

To be eligible, an area must have reported at least 2,000 AIDS cases during the previous 5 years and have a population of at least 500,000.

When the first Title I grants were awarded in FY 1991, there were 16 EMAs. Today, 51 EMAs receive funding in 21 States, Puerto Rico, and the District of Columbia.

FUNDING

In FY 2002, \$597.3 million was appropriated for Title I spending. Title I funding to EMAs includes formula and supplemental components, and Minority AIDS Initiative funds targeted for services to minority populations.

- n Formula grants are based on the estimated number of living cases of AIDS over the most recent 10-year period. Beginning in FY 2004, if accurate and reliable data exist, formula funds will be based on AIDS cases and HIV infections that have not yet progressed to AIDS.*
- n Supplemental grants are awarded competitively based on demonstration of severe need and other criteria.

SERVICES

Title I funds may be used to provide a continuum of care for persons living with HIV disease. Services that may be provided are:

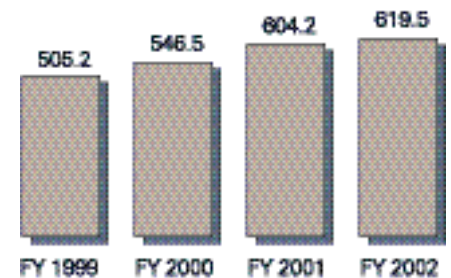
- n Outpatient and ambulatory health services including substance abuse and mental health treatment;
- n Early intervention that includes outreach, counseling and testing, and referral services designed to identify to HIV-positive individuals who know their HIV status;*

* A new provision under the CARE Act Amendments enacted in October 2000.

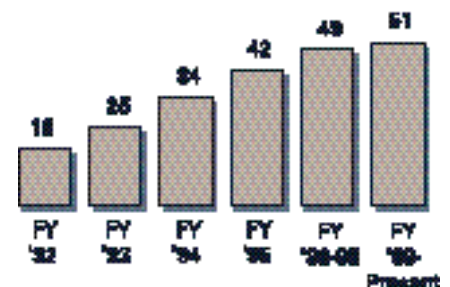
JULY 2002

The Ryan White Comprehensive AIDS Resources Emergency (CARE) Act programs work with cities, States and local community-based organizations to provide services to approximately 533,000 individuals each year who do not have sufficient health care coverage or financial resources for coping with HIV disease. The majority of CARE Act funds support primary medical care and essential support services. A smaller, but equally critical portion is used to fund technical assistance, clinical training and research on innovative models of care. The CARE Act, first authorized in 1990, is currently funded at \$1.9 billion.

Ryan White CARE Act Title I Appropriations
FY 1999–FY 2002
(in millions of dollars)



Number of EMAs
FY 1992–FY 2002



- n Outpatient and ambulatory support services including case management to the extent that these support services facilitate, enhance, support or sustain delivery, continuity or benefits of health services; and
- n Inpatient case management services that expedite discharge and prevent unnecessary hospitalization.

GRANTEES

Eligible Metropolitan Areas range in size from one city/county to more than 26 different political entities, and some span more than one State. EMA geographic boundaries are based on the U.S. Census. Grants are awarded to the Chief Elected Official (CEO) of the city or county that provides health care services to the greatest number of people living with AIDS in the EMA.

TITLE I HIV HEALTH SERVICES PLANNING COUNCILS

Planning council duties include setting priorities and allocating funds for services based on the size and demographics of the HIV population and the needs of this population with particular attention to those who know their HIV status but are not in care. Planning Councils are also required to develop a comprehensive plan for the provision of services that includes strategies for identifying HIV-positive persons not in care and strategies for coordinating services to be funded with existing prevention and substance abuse treatment services.

Planning council membership must reflect the local epidemic and include members with specific expertise such as health care planning, housing for the homeless, incarcerated populations, substance abuse and mental health treatment, or represent other Ryan White CARE Act and Federal programs. At least 33 percent of the members must be people living with HIV who are consumers of CARE Act services.*

CARE Act EMAs

Atlanta GA
 Austin TX
 Baltimore MD
 Bergen-Passaic NJ
 Boston MA
 Caguas PR
 Chicago IL
 Cleveland-Lorain-Elyria OH
 Dallas TX
 Denver CO
 Detroit MI
 Dutchess Co. NY
 Ft. Lauderdale FL
 Ft. Worth TX
 Hartford CT
 Houston TX
 Jacksonville FL
 Jersey City NJ
 Kansas City MO
 Las Vegas NV
 Los Angeles CA
 Miami FL
 Middlesex-Somerset-Hunterdon NJ
 Minneapolis-St. Paul MN
 Nassau-Suffolk NY
 Newark NJ
 New Haven CT
 New Orleans LA
 New York NY
 Norfolk VA
 Oakland CA
 Orange County CA
 Orlando FL
 Philadelphia PA
 Phoenix AZ
 Ponce PR
 Portland OR
 Riverside-San Bernardino CA
 Sacramento CA
 St. Louis MO
 San Antonio TX
 San Diego CA
 San Francisco CA
 San Jose CA
 San Juan PR
 Santa Rosa-Petaluma CA
 Seattle, WA
 Tampa-St. Petersburg FL
 Vineland-Millville-Bridgeton NJ
 Washington DC
 West Palm Beach FL

* A new provision under the CARE Act Amendments enacted in October 2000.